

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2019

OR

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 001-38293

SCPHARMACEUTICALS INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

46-5184075
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

2400 District Avenue, Suite 310
Burlington, Massachusetts 01803
(Address of principal executive office) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (617) 517-0730

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, par value \$0.0001	SCPH	The Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of August 6, 2019, the Registrant had 18,580,930 common shares, \$0.0001 par value per share, outstanding.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains express or implied forward-looking statements that are based on our management's belief and assumptions and on information currently available to our management. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, these statements relate to future events or our future operational or financial performance, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include, but are not limited to, statements about:

- the timing or likelihood of approval by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, of our regulatory filings for FUROSCIX® using our next generation delivery device;
- the timing or likelihood of other regulatory filings and approvals, including any approval to market and sell subcutaneous ceftriaxone;
- the outcome of any bridging studies, clinical trials or human factors studies that may be required by the FDA for approval of any of our product candidates;
- the commercialization, marketing and manufacturing of FUROSCIX or any other of our product candidates, if approved;
- the pricing and reimbursement of FUROSCIX or any other of our product candidates, if approved;
- the rate and degree of market acceptance and clinical utility of FUROSCIX or any other of our product candidates for which we receive marketing approval;
- the initiation, timing, progress and results of our research and development programs, including subcutaneous ceftriaxone and future preclinical and clinical studies;
- our ability to advance any other product candidates into, and successfully complete, clinical studies and obtain regulatory approval for them;
- our ability to identify additional product candidates;
- the implementation of our strategic plans for our business, product candidates and technology;
- the scope of protection we are able to establish and maintain for intellectual property rights covering FUROSCIX or any other of our product candidates and technology;
- estimates of our expenses, future revenues, capital requirements and our needs for additional financing;
- our ability to manufacture, or the ability of third parties to deliver, sufficient quantities of components and drug product for commercialization of FUROSCIX or any other of our product candidates;
- our ability to maintain and establish collaborations;
- our financial performance;
- developments relating to our competitors and our industry, including the impact of government regulation; and
- other risks and uncertainties, including those listed under the caption "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as "may," "should," "expects," "intends," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," "continue" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which are, in some cases, beyond our control and which could materially affect results. Factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations include, among other things, those set forth in Item 1A, "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. If one or more of these risks or uncertainties occur, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, then actual events or results may vary significantly from those implied or projected by the forward-looking statements. No forward-looking statement is a guarantee of future performance. While we may elect to update these forward-looking statements at some point in the future, we have no current intention of doing so except to the extent required by applicable law. You should therefore not rely on these forward-looking statements as representing our views as of any date subsequent to the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

SCPHARMACEUTICALS INC.

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PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

SCPHARMACEUTICALS INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2019
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,478	\$ 79,467
Prepaid expenses	1,757	1,658
VAT receivable	479	500
Other current assets	179	148
Total current assets	91,893	81,773
Restricted cash	182	182
Property and equipment, net	164	145
Right-of-use lease assets - operating, net	1,506	1,347
Deposits and other assets	10	12
Total assets	<u>\$ 93,755</u>	<u>\$ 83,459</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 587	\$ 1,419
Accrued expenses	2,922	7,110
Term loan, short term	2,811	4,624
Lease obligation - operating, short term	353	379
Total current liabilities	6,673	13,532
Term loan, long term	6,826	5,086
Lease obligation - operating, long term	1,353	1,156
Other liabilities	159	216
Total liabilities	<u>15,011</u>	<u>19,990</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized and no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized as of June 30, 2019; 18,569,289 and 18,580,430 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2018 and June 30, 2019, respectively	2	2
Additional paid-in capital	175,201	175,900
Accumulated deficit	(96,459)	(112,433)
Total stockholders' equity	78,744	63,469
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 93,755</u>	<u>\$ 83,459</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SCPHARMACEUTICALS INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2019	2018	2019
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	\$ 4,855	\$ 5,496	\$ 8,903	\$ 12,020
General and administrative	5,049	1,839	9,700	4,162
Total operating expenses	<u>9,904</u>	<u>7,335</u>	<u>18,603</u>	<u>16,182</u>
Loss from operations	(9,904)	(7,335)	(18,603)	(16,182)
Other expense	(11)	(14)	(53)	(22)
Interest income	424	463	775	953
Interest expense	(359)	(369)	(701)	(723)
Net loss and comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (9,850)</u>	<u>\$ (7,255)</u>	<u>\$ (18,582)</u>	<u>\$ (15,974)</u>
Net loss per share — basic and diluted	<u>\$ (0.53)</u>	<u>\$ (0.39)</u>	<u>\$ (1.00)</u>	<u>\$ (0.86)</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding — basic and diluted	<u>18,549,978</u>	<u>18,580,430</u>	<u>18,542,745</u>	<u>18,578,091</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SCPHERMACEUTICALS INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(In thousands, except share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	ACCUMULATED DEFICIT	TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
	SHARES	AMOUNT			
At December 31, 2018	18,569,289	\$ 2	\$ 175,201	\$ (96,459)	\$ 78,744
Net loss	—	—	—	(8,719)	(8,719)
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	11,141	—	18	—	18
Stock-based compensation	—	—	355	—	355
At March 31, 2019	18,580,430	2	175,574	(105,178)	70,398
Net loss	—	—	—	(7,255)	(7,255)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	326	—	326
At June 30, 2019	18,580,430	\$ 2	\$ 175,900	\$ (112,433)	\$ 63,469
At December 31, 2017	18,534,240	\$ 2	\$ 173,011	\$ (67,016)	\$ 105,997
Net loss	—	—	—	(8,732)	(8,732)
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	7,606	—	56	—	56
Vesting of restricted stock	366	—	1	—	1
Stock-based compensation	—	—	622	—	622
At March 31, 2018	18,542,212	2	173,690	(75,748)	97,944
Net loss	—	—	—	(9,850)	(9,850)
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	26,955	—	2	—	2
Vesting of restricted stock	122	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation	—	—	497	—	497
At June 30, 2018	18,569,289	\$ 2	\$ 174,189	\$ (85,598)	\$ 88,593

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SCPHARMACEUTICALS INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (18,582)	\$ (15,974)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation expense	19	19
Amortization expense - right-of-use leased assets - operating	144	159
Stock-based compensation	1,119	681
Non-cash interest expense	188	173
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(613)	107
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	179	4,806
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(17,546)</u>	<u>(10,029)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of property and equipment	(41)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(41)</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Costs related to initial public offering	(1)	-
Proceeds from the exercise of vested stock options	58	18
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>57</u>	<u>18</u>
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(17,530)	(10,011)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	118,480	89,660
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	<u>\$ 100,950</u>	<u>\$ 79,649</u>
Supplemental cash flow information		
Interest paid	\$ 513	\$ 608
Taxes paid	\$ 259	\$ 256

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SCPHARMACEUTICALS INC.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

Description of Business

scPharmaceuticals LLC was formed as a Limited Liability Company under the laws of the State of Delaware on February 19, 2013. On March 24, 2014, scPharmaceuticals LLC was converted to a Delaware corporation and changed its name to scPharmaceuticals Inc. ("the Company"). The Company is a pharmaceutical company focused on developing and commercializing products that have the potential to optimize the delivery of infused therapies, advance patient care and reduce healthcare costs. The Company's proprietary platform is designed to enable the subcutaneous administration of therapies that have previously been limited to intravenous, or IV, delivery. The Company's headquarters and primary place of business is Burlington, Massachusetts.

In January 2019, following a Type C meeting with the Food and Drug Administration, management implemented a restructuring plan to reduce operating costs and better align its workforce with the needs of its business. The Company recorded a charge of \$1.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2019 related to the restructuring plan, which included severance, benefits and related costs. The Company recorded \$966,000 and \$426,000 in research and development expenses and general and administrative expenses related to the restructuring, respectively. The Company paid \$973,000 of these costs during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and expects to pay \$331,000 and \$18,000 in the third and fourth quarters of 2019, respectively. The remainder of the restructuring charge consists of a non-cash charge of \$70,000 related to the modification of stock options (Note 6). As of June 30, 2019, the Company had a balance of \$349,000 in accrued expenses related to severance benefits, and related costs associated with the restructuring plan.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and have been prepared on a basis which assumes that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the operations of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, scPharmaceuticals Securities Corporation. Certain information and disclosures normally included in financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted. Accordingly, these condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2018 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 21, 2019. The Company has determined that it operates in one segment.

The accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2019, the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss and stockholders' equity for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2019 and condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2019 are unaudited. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with that used to prepare the Company's audited annual financial statements and include, in the opinion of management, adjustments, consisting of normal recurring items, necessary for the fair statement of the condensed consolidated financial statements. The operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year ending December 31, 2019.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reported periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash consists of bank deposits, certificates of deposit and money market accounts with financial institutions. Cash equivalents are carried at cost which approximates fair value due to their short-term nature and which the Company believes do not have a material exposure to credit risk. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase to be cash equivalents. The Company's cash and cash equivalent accounts, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company classified \$182,000 as restricted cash related to a letter of credit issued as a security deposit in connection with the Company's lease of its corporate office facilities (Note 9). Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash consists of the following:

	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,478	\$ 79,467
Restricted cash	182	182
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	<u>\$ 89,660</u>	<u>\$ 79,649</u>

Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in right-of-use ("ROU") lease assets, current portion of lease obligations, and long term lease obligations on the Company's balance sheets.

ROU lease assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease obligations represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating ROU lease assets and obligations are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The ROU lease asset excludes lease incentives. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740, *Income Taxes*. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded to reflect the impact of temporary differences between amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and such amounts as measured under enacted tax laws. A valuation allowance is required to offset any net deferred tax assets if, based upon the available evidence, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

The Company provides reserves for potential payments of tax to various tax authorities related to uncertain tax positions. The tax benefits recorded are based on a determination of whether and how much of a tax benefit taken by the Company in its tax filings or positions is "more likely than not" to be realized following resolution of any uncertainty related to the tax benefit, assuming that the matter in question will be raised by the tax authorities. Potential interest and penalties associated with such uncertain tax positions are recorded as a component of income tax expense. At June 30, 2019, the Company had no such accruals.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) ("ASU 2018-13"). ASU 2018-13 modifies fair value disclosure requirements, specifically around level transfers and valuation of Level 3 assets and liabilities. ASU 2018-13 is effective for financial statements issued for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2019 for all entities. Early adoption of all or part of ASU No. 2018-13 is permitted. The Company does not expect ASU 2018-13 to have a material impact on its financial statements.

3. Net Loss per Share

Net Loss per Share Attributable to Common Stockholders

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share of common stock (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2019	2018	2019
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$ (9,850)	\$ (7,255)	\$ (18,582)	\$ (15,974)
Weighted-average shares used in computing net loss per share	18,549,978	18,580,430	18,542,745	18,578,091
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	<u>\$ (0.53)</u>	<u>\$ (0.39)</u>	<u>\$ (1.00)</u>	<u>\$ (0.86)</u>

The Company's potentially dilutive securities, which include stock options and unvested restricted stock, have been excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share as the effect would be to reduce the net loss per share. Therefore, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding used to calculate both basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to common

stockholders is the same. The Company excluded the following potential common shares, presented based on amounts outstanding at each period end, from the computation of diluted net loss per share attributable to common stockholders for the periods indicated because including them would have had an anti-dilutive effect.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2019	2018	2019
Stock options to purchase common stock	1,610,651	1,430,788	1,610,651	1,430,788
Unvested restricted stock	-	160,900	-	160,900
Total	<u>1,610,651</u>	<u>1,591,688</u>	<u>1,610,651</u>	<u>1,591,688</u>

4. Property and Equipment

Purchased property and equipment consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	ESTIMATED USEFUL LIFE	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2019
Office equipment	5 years	\$ 10	\$ 10
Office furniture	7 years	116	116
Computer equipment	3 years	8	8
Leasehold improvements	Life of lease	95	95
		229	229
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(65)	(84)
Property and equipment, net		<u>\$ 164</u>	<u>\$ 145</u>

Depreciation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019 was \$9,000 and \$9,000, respectively.

Depreciation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019 was \$19,000 and \$19,000, respectively.

Leased property and equipment consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	ESTIMATED USEFUL LIFE	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2019
Right-of-use lease assets - operating	Lease term	\$ 2,024	\$ 2,024
Less: Accumulated amortization		(518)	(677)
Right-of-use lease assets - operating, net		<u>\$ 1,506</u>	<u>\$ 1,347</u>

Amortization expense for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019 was \$73,000 and \$81,000, respectively.

Amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019 was \$144,000 and \$159,000, respectively.

5. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of (in thousands):

	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2019
Contract research and development	\$ 1,492	\$ 4,118
Unrecoverable component costs	—	1,733
Employee compensation and related costs	727	638
Severance costs	133	349
Consulting and professional service fees	356	204
State taxes	165	22
Other	49	46
Total accrued expenses	<u>\$ 2,922</u>	<u>\$ 7,110</u>

6. Stock-Based Compensation

Stock Options

The Company's 2017 Stock Option and Incentive Plan (the "2017 Stock Plan") became effective in November 2017, upon the closing of the Company's initial public offering and will expire in October 2027. Under the 2017 Stock Plan, the Company may grant incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units ("RSUs") and other stock-based awards. The Company's 2014 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2014 Stock Plan") was terminated in November 2017 upon the completion of the Company's initial public offering and no further options were granted under the 2014 Stock Plan. At June 30, 2019, there were 839,962 options outstanding under the 2014 Plan.

As of June 30, 2019, there were 3,166,868 shares of the Company's common stock authorized for issuance under the 2017 Stock Plan, including 252,707 options that have been forfeited from the 2014 Plan.

At June 30, 2019, there were 2,415,142 options available for issuance under the 2017 Stock Plan, 590,826 options outstanding and 160,900 restricted stock units outstanding. Options granted under the 2017 Plan have a term of ten years. Vesting of options under the 2017 Stock Plan is determined by the board of directors, but is generally over one to four-year terms.

The fair value of options at date of grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2019
Risk-free interest rate	2.42%-2.86%	1.85%-2.51%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected life	5.5-7.0 years	5.5-6.0 years
Expected volatility	77%-86%	73%-74%
Weighted-average grant date fair value	\$ 8.54	\$ 2.14

The following table summarizes information about stock option activity during the six months ended June 30, 2019 (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	NUMBER OF SHARES	WEIGHTED- AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE	WEIGHTED- AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL TERM	AGGREGATE INTRINSIC VALUE
Outstanding, December 31, 2018	1,588,306	\$ 6.75		
Granted	142,792	3.29		
Exercised	(11,141)	1.66		
Forfeited	(289,169)	8.54		
Outstanding, June 30, 2019	<u>1,430,788</u>	<u>\$ 6.08</u>	8.09	\$ 45
Vested and exercisable, June 30, 2019	779,987	\$ 6.22	7.62	\$ 45
Vested and expected to vest, June 30, 2019	<u>1,281,442</u>	<u>\$ 6.17</u>	7.99	\$ 45

The following table summarizes information about RSU activity during the six months ended June 30, 2019:

	RSUs	AVERAGE GRANT DATE FAIR VALUE (IN DOLLARS PER SHARE)
Outstanding, December 31, 2018	—	\$ —
Granted	160,900	1.43
Vested	—	—
Forfeited	—	—
RSUs outstanding at June 30, 2019	<u>160,900</u>	<u>\$ 1.43</u>

Unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested options as of June 30, 2019 was \$2.0 million and will be recognized over the remaining vesting periods of the underlying awards. The weighted-average period over which such compensation is expected to be recognized is 2.2 years. Unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested RSUs as of June 30, 2019 was \$117,000 and will be recognized over the remaining vesting periods of the underlying awards. The weighted-average period over which such compensation is expected to be recognized is 1.8 years.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, as part of the restructuring plan (Note 1), the Company extended the exercise period to one year for 55,677 vested options and for two years for 85,432 vested options of those affected, with a weighted average exercise price of \$8.41, and recorded incremental stock-based compensation expense of \$70,000.

The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense in the following expense categories of its accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2019 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2019	2018	2019
Research and development	\$ 54	\$ 72	\$ 240	\$ 140
General and administrative	443	254	879	541
Total	\$ 497	\$ 326	\$ 1,119	\$ 681

7. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") Topic, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"), provides a fair value hierarchy, which classifies fair value measurements based on the inputs used in measuring fair value.

Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, and are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy applies only to the valuation inputs used in determining the reported fair value of the investments and is not a measure of the investment credit quality. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1—Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2—Valuations based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3—Valuations that require inputs that reflect the Company's own assumptions that are both significant to the fair value measurement and observable.

To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The carrying values of the Company's cash and restricted cash, prepaid expenses, value added tax, or VAT, receivable and deposits approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. The carrying value of the Company's loan payable was considered a reasonable estimate of fair value because the Company's interest rate is near current market rates for instruments with similar characteristics.

The Company's cash equivalents are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The following table summarizes the Company's money market funds as of June 30, 2019 (in thousands):

	TOTAL	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Cash equivalents:				
Cash equivalents	\$ 76,145	\$ 76,145	\$ —	\$ —
Total cash equivalents	\$ 76,145	\$ 76,145	\$ —	\$ —

8. Term Loan

In May 2017, the Company entered into a loan and security agreement (the "2017 Loan Agreement"), with Solar Capital Ltd. and Silicon Valley Bank for \$10.0 million. The 2017 Loan Agreement has a maturity date of May 1, 2021. Debt issuance costs for the 2017 Loan Agreement will be amortized to interest expense over the remaining term of the 2017 Loan Agreement using the effective-interest method.

The interest rate under the 2017 Loan Agreement is LIBOR plus 8.45%. The initial interest-only period was until November 30, 2018, followed by a 30-month principal and interest period. The First Amendment to the Loan and Security Agreement, entered into in November 2018, extended the interest-only period through May 2019. The Third Amendment to the Loan and Security Agreement,

entered into in May 2019, extended the interest-only period, currently through August 2019. If and when certain conditions are met, the interest-only period may be extended to November 2019. The rate at June 30, 2019 was 10.87988%. Pursuant to the 2017 Loan Agreement, the Company provided a first priority security interest in all existing and after-acquired assets, excluding intellectual property, owned by the Company.

As of June 30, 2019, unpaid borrowings under the 2017 Loan Agreement totaled \$10.0 million. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recorded \$66,000 and \$116,000, respectively, related to the amortization of debt discount associated with the 2017 Loan Agreement. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 the Company recorded \$75,000 and \$144,000, respectively, related to the amortization of debt discount associated with the 2017 Loan Agreement.

The 2017 Loan Agreement allows the Company to voluntarily prepay all (but not less than all) of the outstanding principal at any time. A prepayment premium of 1% would be assessed on the outstanding principal. A final payment fee of \$250,000 is due upon the earlier to occur of the maturity date or prepayment of such borrowings. The final payment fee was increased to \$325,000 in the First Amendment to the 2017 Loan Agreement. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recorded \$27,000 and \$57,000, respectively, related to the amortization of the final payment fee associated with the 2017 Loan Agreement. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company recorded \$23,000 and \$44,000, respectively, related to the amortization of the final payment fee associated with the 2017 Loan Agreement.

In an event of default under the 2017 Loan Agreement, the interest rate will be increased by 5% and the balance under the loan may become immediately due and payable at the option of the lenders.

The 2017 Loan Agreement includes restrictions on, among other things, the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness, change the name or location of the Company's business, merge with or acquire other entities, pay dividends or make other distributions to holders of its capital stock, make certain investments, engage in transactions with affiliates, create liens, sell assets or pay subordinated debt.

Total term loan and unamortized debt discount balances are as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2019
Face value	\$ 10,000
Less: discount	(290)
Total	\$ 9,710
Less: current portion	(4,624)
Total	<u>\$ 5,086</u>

As of June 30, 2019, future principal payments due under the 2017 Loan Agreement are as follows (in thousands):

Year ended:	
December 31, 2019	\$ 1,905
December 31, 2020	5,714
December 31, 2021	2,381
Total	<u>\$ 10,000</u>

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases

The Company leases office facilities and equipment under long-term, non-cancelable operating lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2022 and do not include renewal options.

Certain leases provide for increases in future minimum annual rental payments as defined in the lease agreements. The leases generally also include real estate taxes and common area maintenance ("CAM") charges in the annual rental payments.

Pursuant to the terms of its lease agreement for the Company's headquarters, the Company obtained a letter of credit in the amount of approximately \$182,000 as security on the lease obligation. The letter of credit is listed as restricted cash on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

Short-term leases are leases having a term of twelve months or less. The Company recognizes short-term leases on a straight-line basis and does not record a related lease asset or liability for such leases.

The following is a maturity analysis of the annual undiscounted cash flows of the operating lease liabilities as of June 30, 2019 (in thousands):

Year ended:	
December 31, 2019	\$ 259
December 31, 2020	528
December 31, 2021	537
December 31, 2022	496
Total minimum lease payments	1,820
Less imputed interest	(285)
Total	<u>\$ 1,535</u>

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2019
Lease cost:		
Operating lease cost	\$ 237	\$ 246
Short-term lease cost	4	4
Sublease income	(13)	(25)
Total lease cost	<u>\$ 228</u>	<u>\$ 225</u>
Other information		
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	\$ 194	\$ 254
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 43	\$ (13)
Weighted-average remaining lease term - operating leases	4.5 years	3.4 years
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases	10.1%	10.1%

In February 2018, the Company signed a sublease agreement for its facility located in Lexington, Massachusetts. The lease commenced on April 1, 2018 and has an initial term of three years with an extension term through December 2022.

Research and Development Agreements

As part of the Company's research and development efforts, the Company enters into research and development agreements with unrelated companies. These agreements contain varying terms and provisions which include fees and milestones to be paid by the Company. Some of these agreements also contain provisions which require the Company to make payments for exclusivity in the development of products in the area of loop diuretics.

Contingencies

The Company follows subtopic 450-20 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification to report accounting for contingencies.

Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Company but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Company assesses such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment.

If the assessment of a contingency indicates that it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company's financial statements. If the assessment indicates that a potential material loss contingency is not probable but is reasonably possible, or is probable but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, and an estimate of the range of possible losses, if determinable and material, would be disclosed. Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed.

Due to the discontinuation of use of the sc2Wear Infusor, the Company has received notice of termination costs related to the program. The Company has accrued all costs for which it either believes it is contractually liable or for which the Company has negotiated settlement agreements in good faith. However, certain of the Company's vendors have claimed or billed for additional costs for which the Company believes it is not obligated. At this time, the Company estimates that additional termination costs, if any, will be immaterial to the Company's financial statements.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and the results of operations should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Quarterly Report") and our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 (the "Annual Report") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 21, 2019. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis or set forth elsewhere in this Quarterly Report, including information with respect to our plans and strategy for our business, includes forward looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. As a result of many factors, including those factors set forth in the "Risk Factors" section in our Annual Report and in this Quarterly Report, our actual results could differ materially from the results described in or implied by, the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.

OVERVIEW

We are a pharmaceutical company focused on developing and commercializing products that have the potential to optimize the delivery of infused therapies, advance patient care and reduce healthcare costs. Our strategy is designed to enable the subcutaneous administration of therapies that have previously been limited to intravenous, or IV, delivery. By moving delivery away from the high-cost healthcare settings typically required for IV administration, we believe our technology reduces overall healthcare costs and advances the quality and convenience of care. Our lead product candidate, FUROSCIX, consists of our novel formulation of furosemide delivered via an on-body infusor and is under development for treatment of congestion in patients with worsening heart failure who display reduced responsiveness to oral diuretics and do not require hospitalization.

We filed a new drug application, or NDA, for FUROSCIX, with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, in August 2017. On June 11, 2018, we received a Complete Response Letter, or CRL, from the FDA for our NDA, which indicated that, among other things, certain device modifications to our infusor were required. Based on the outcome of our interactions with the FDA, including clarification on an additional dose validation study and proposed device modifications necessary to advance FUROSCIX using the existing delivery technology, we have decided to discontinue use of the sc2Wear Infusor, and transition to our next generation device developed in partnership with West Pharmaceutical Services, Inc., or West, using its proprietary, wearable, SmartDose® drug delivery system. We held a Type C meeting with the FDA on June 18, 2019 and based on the results of that meeting we anticipate being able to resubmit the FUROSCIX NDA with the SmartDose drug delivery system by mid-year 2020.

We have funded our operations from inception through June 30, 2019 primarily through the sale of shares of our common stock in our initial public offering and, prior to that, through the private placement of our preferred stock and the incurrence of debt. We do not have any products approved for sale and have not generated any revenue from product sales.

As of June 30, 2019, we had an accumulated deficit of \$112.4 million. We expect to continue to incur net losses for the foreseeable future as we develop the infrastructure to commercialize our products, if approved, in the United States, including building our sales and marketing organization, continue research and development efforts, clinical trial activities, scale-up manufacturing, and seek regulatory approval for new product candidates and product enhancements. We will need additional funding to pay expenses relating to our operating activities, including selling, general and administrative expenses and research and development expenses. Adequate funding may not be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all. Our failure to obtain sufficient funds on acceptable terms when needed could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

COMPONENTS OF OUR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development, or R&D, expenses consist of the cost of engineering, clinical trials, regulatory and medical affairs and quality assurance associated with developing our proprietary technology and product candidates. R&D expenses consist primarily of:

- employee-related expenses, including salaries, benefits, travel expense and stock-based compensation expense;
- cost of outside consultants who assist with technology development, regulatory affairs, clinical trials and medical affairs, and quality assurance;
- cost of clinical trial activities performed by third parties; and
- cost of facilities and supplies used for internal research and development and clinical activities.

We expense R&D costs as incurred. Given the emphasis to date on our lead product candidate FUROSCIX, our R&D expenses have not been allocated on a program-specific basis. In the future, we expect R&D expenses to increase in absolute dollars as we continue to develop new products and enhance existing products and technologies. We anticipate that our expenses will increase significantly as we:

- pursue regulatory approval of FUROSCIX incorporating the SmartDose drug delivery system;

- continue to advance our pipeline programs beyond FUROSCIX;
- continue our current research and development activity;
- seek to identify additional research programs and additional product candidates;
- initiate preclinical testing and clinical trials for any product candidates we identify and develop, maintain, expand and protect our intellectual property portfolio; and
- hire additional research, clinical and scientific personnel.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative, or G&A, expenses consist of employee-related expenses, including salaries, benefits, travel expense and stock-based compensation expense for personnel in executive, finance, commercial, human resources, facility operations and administrative functions. Other G&A expenses include pre-approval promotional activities, marketing, conferences and trade shows, professional services fees, including legal, audit and tax fees, insurance costs, general corporate expenses and allocated facilities-related expenses.

If we receive FDA approval for FUROSCIX incorporating the next generation SmartDose drug delivery system, we anticipate that our G&A expenses will increase as we continue to build our corporate and commercial infrastructure to support the development and commercial launch of FUROSCIX in the United States.

Results of Operations

Comparison of Three Months Ended June 30, 2018 and 2019

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2019 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease)
	2018	2019	
Operating expenses:			
Research and development	\$ 4,855	\$ 5,496	\$ 641
General and administrative	5,049	1,839	(3,210)
Total operating expenses	9,904	7,335	(2,569)
Loss from operations	(9,904)	(7,335)	(2,569)
Other expense	(11)	(14)	3
Interest income	424	463	39
Interest expense	(359)	(369)	10
Net loss	\$ (9,850)	\$ (7,255)	\$ (2,595)

Research and development expenses. R&D expenses were \$5.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$4.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The increase of \$0.6 million was primarily attributable to a \$2.2 million increase in device development costs. The increase was partially offset by a \$0.6 million decrease in employee-related costs, a \$0.8 million decrease in supplies and contract services for clinical and medical affairs and a \$0.2 million decrease in pharmaceutical preparation costs.

General and administrative expenses. G&A expenses were \$1.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$5.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The decrease of \$3.2 million was primarily attributable to a \$1.2 million decrease in costs related to commercial preparation, a \$1.8 million decrease in employee-related costs and a decrease of \$0.2 million in legal costs.

Other expense. Other expense was \$14,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$11,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The increase of \$3,000 was primarily attributable to foreign exchange losses due to activity denominated in foreign currency combined with foreign currency fluctuations.

Interest income. Interest income was \$463,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared to \$424,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The increase of \$39,000 was primarily attributable to higher returns due to money market fund holdings.

Interest expense. Interest expense increased \$10,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 to \$0.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019. This increase was attributable to increased rates on the \$10.0 million loan entered into in May 2017 with Solar Capital Ltd. and Silicon Valley Bank.

Comparison of Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 and 2019

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2019 (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease)
	2018	2019	
Operating expenses:			
Research and development	\$ 8,903	\$ 12,020	\$ 3,117
General and administrative	9,700	4,162	(5,538)
Total operating expenses	18,603	16,182	(2,421)
Loss from operations	(18,603)	(16,182)	(2,421)
Other expense	(53)	(22)	(31)
Interest income	775	953	178
Interest expense	(701)	(723)	22
Net loss	\$ (18,582)	\$ (15,974)	\$ (2,608)

Research and development expenses. R&D expenses were \$12.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$8.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The increase of \$3.1 million was primarily attributable to \$0.9 million in severance costs, a \$3.4 million increase in device development costs and \$1.7 million in unrecoverable component costs related to the sc2Wear Infusor. The increase was partially offset by a \$1.4 million decrease in employee-related costs, a \$1.3 million decrease in supplies and contract services for clinical and medical affairs, and a \$0.2 million decrease in pharmaceutical preparation costs.

General and administrative expenses. G&A expenses were \$4.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$9.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The decrease of \$5.5 million was primarily attributable to a \$2.3 million decrease in costs related to commercial preparation, a \$3.2 million decrease in employee-related costs and a decrease of \$0.4 million in legal costs. The decrease was partially offset by \$0.4 million in severance costs.

Other expense. Other expense was \$22,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$53,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The decrease of \$31,000 was primarily attributable to foreign exchange gains due to activity denominated in foreign currency combined with foreign currency fluctuations.

Interest income. Interest income was \$1.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$0.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The increase of \$0.2 million was primarily attributable to higher returns due to money market fund holdings.

Interest expense. Interest expense increased \$22,000 from the six months ended June 30, 2018 to \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. This increase was attributable to increased rates on the \$10.0 million loan entered into in May 2017 with Solar Capital Ltd. and Silicon Valley Bank.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Overview

We have funded our operations from inception through June 30, 2019 primarily through the sale of shares of our common stock in our initial public offering and, prior to that, through the private placement of our preferred stock and the incurrence of debt. As of June 30, 2019, we had received net cash proceeds of \$92.7 million from our initial public offering, \$56.7 million from sales of our preferred stock and \$13.5 million in net proceeds from convertible notes payable. Additionally, in May 2017 we incurred \$10.0 million of debt under our loan and security agreement with Solar Capital Ltd. and Silicon Valley Bank. As of June 30, 2019, we had cash and restricted cash of \$79.6 million.

We expect to incur substantial additional expenditures in the near future to support ongoing activities and our plans to obtain regulatory approval for FUROSCIX incorporating the next generation SmartDose drug delivery system. We believe our existing unrestricted cash is sufficient to fund our operations through at least the next 12 months from the date of this quarterly report. We expect our costs and expenses to increase in the future as we prepare for and, if approved, commence U.S. commercialization of FUROSCIX, including the building of our commercial infrastructure, and as we continue to make substantial expenditures on research and development, including to increase our manufacturing capacity and for conducting clinical trials of our product candidates. Additionally, we will incur additional costs as a result of operating as a public company. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including:

- the time and expense required to refile an NDA for FUROSCIX incorporating the next generation SmartDose drug delivery system;
- the potential FDA approval of FUROSCIX;

- the costs and expenses of establishing our U.S. sales and marketing infrastructure;
- the degree of success we experience in commercializing FUROSCIX, if approved;
- the revenue generated by sales of FUROSCIX, if approved and other products that may be approved;
- the pricing and reimbursement of FUROSCIX, if approved and of other product candidates that may be approved;
- the costs, timing and outcomes of clinical trials and regulatory reviews associated with our product candidates;
- the emergence of competing or complementary technological developments;
- the extent to which FUROSCIX, if approved, is adopted by the healthcare community;
- the number and types of future products we develop and commercialize;
- the costs of preparing, filing and prosecuting patent applications and maintaining, enforcing and defending intellectual property-related claims; and
- the extent and scope of our general and administrative expenses.

Additional financing may not be available on a timely basis on terms acceptable to us, or at all. We may raise funds in equity, royalty-based or debt financings or enter into additional credit facilities in order to access funds for our capital needs. If we raise additional funds through further issuances of equity or convertible debt securities, our existing stockholders could suffer significant dilution in their percentage ownership of our company, and any new equity securities we issue could have rights, preferences and privileges senior to those of holders of our common stock. If we raise additional funds through royalty-based financing arrangements, we will likely agree to relinquish rights to potentially valuable future revenue streams and may agree to covenants that restrict our operations or strategic flexibility. Any debt financing obtained by us in the future would cause us to incur additional debt service expenses and could include restrictive covenants relating to our capital raising activities and other financial and operational matters, which may make it more difficult for us to obtain additional capital and pursue business opportunities. If we are unable to obtain adequate financing or financing on terms satisfactory to us when we require it, we may terminate or delay the development of one or more of our products, delay clinical trials necessary to market our products, or delay establishment or expansion of sales and marketing capabilities or other activities necessary to commercialize our products.

CASH FLOWS

The following table summarizes our sources and uses of cash for each of the periods presented:

(in thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2019
Net cash (used in) provided by:		
Operating activities	\$ (17,546)	\$ (10,029)
Investing activities	(41)	-
Financing activities	57	18
Net decrease in cash and restricted cash	<u>\$ (17,530)</u>	<u>\$ (10,011)</u>

Net Cash Used in Operating Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, net cash used in operating activities was \$10.0 million, consisting primarily of a net loss of \$16.0 million. This was offset by non-cash charges of \$1.0 million and a decrease in net operating assets of \$4.9 million. The non-cash charges primarily consisted of depreciation, amortization related to our right of use leased assets, stock-based compensation expense and non-cash interest expense related to amortization of debt discount associated with the 2017 Loan Agreement. The decrease in net operating assets related to accrued expenses for device development costs and materials.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, net cash used in operating activities was \$17.5 million, consisting primarily of a net loss of \$18.5 million and an increase in net operating assets of \$0.5 million. This was offset by non-cash charges of \$1.5 million. The increase in net operating assets primarily consisted of prepayments for device and pharmaceutical development and clinical trials, offset by receipt of a refund for Value Added Tax. The non-cash charges primarily consisted of depreciation, amortization related to our right of use leased assets, stock-based compensation expense and non-cash interest expense related to amortization of debt discount associated with the 2017 Loan Agreement.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

There were no cash from investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2019.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, net cash used in investing activities consisted of purchases of property and equipment.

Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, net cash provided by financing activities was \$18,000, consisting primarily of stock option exercises.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, net cash provided by financing activities was \$57,000, consisting primarily of stock option exercises.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We currently have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

There were no material changes in our commitments under contractual obligations, as disclosed in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, filed with the SEC on March 21, 2019.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions for the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and related disclosures. Our estimates are based on our historical experience and on various other factors that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions and any such differences may be material. Our critical accounting policies are more fully described under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, filed with the SEC on March 21, 2019.

JOBS ACT ACCOUNTING ELECTION

In April 2012, the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, or JOBS Act, was enacted. Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of an extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards. Thus, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected not to avail ourselves of this extended transition period and, as a result, we adopt new or revised accounting standards on the relevant dates on which adoption of such standards is required for other public companies. This election is irrevocable.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are exposed to market risks related to changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

We contract with vendors in foreign countries. As such, we have exposure to adverse changes in exchange rates of foreign currencies, principally the Swiss franc and the Euro, associated with our foreign transactions. We believe this exposure to be immaterial. We currently do not hedge against this exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates.

Our exposure to market risk also relates to interest rate sensitivity, which is affected by changes in the general level of U.S. interest rates. As of June 30, 2019, our aggregate outstanding indebtedness was \$10.0 million, which bears interest at the rate equal to LIBOR plus 8.45%. Due to the short-term duration and variable rate of our indebtedness, an immediate 100 basis point change in interest rates would not have a material effect on the fair market value of our debt instruments.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, evaluated, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2019, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of such date are effective at the reasonable assurance level. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, means controls

and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and our management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the six months ended June 30, 2019 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may be subject to legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of business. We are not currently aware of any such proceedings or claims that we believe will have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. Information regarding risk factors appears in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, which was filed with the SEC on March 21, 2019. There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in that Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	Third Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement, dated May 31, 2019, by and among scPharmaceuticals Inc., Solar Capital Ltd. and Silicon Valley Bank
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1†	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

* Filed herewith.

† This certification will not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except to the extent specifically incorporated by reference into such filing.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 7, 2019

SCPHARMACEUTICALS INC.

By: /s/ John H. Tucker
John H. Tucker
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

Certification

I, John H. Tucker, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2019 of SCPHARMACEUTICALS INC.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. (Paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release Nos. 33-8238/34-47986 and 33-8392/34-49313);
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2019

/s/ John H. Tucker

John H. Tucker
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of scPharmaceuticals Inc. (the "Company") for the period ended June 30, 2019, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John H. Tucker, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer) hereby certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to my knowledge:

- 1) the Report which this statement accompanies fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 7, 2019

/s/ John H. Tucker

John H. Tucker
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial
Officer)